

# **Legislative Conference**

**December 5-7, 2012** 

Cheyenne Mountain Resort • Colorado Springs

# Get Connected. Get Smart. Get Ready.



Informing Policy. Advancing Health

# A Picture of Health

Why Health Policy Matters



# Michele Lueck

December 5, 2012

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# The Next Three Days: Goals

- Heighten awareness of your important role in health policy.
- Broaden and deepen your understanding of specific health-related issues.
- Introduce a "systems thinking" approach to health policy solutions.





# Why Health Policy Matters

# Urgency of Health Policy

- The problems
- Dynamics: State and Federal Initiatives

# A New Era

- The Affordable Care Act (ACA)
- Colorado's decade of investment

# Today's Hot Issues

- What they are
- Why they matter





# Three Takeaways

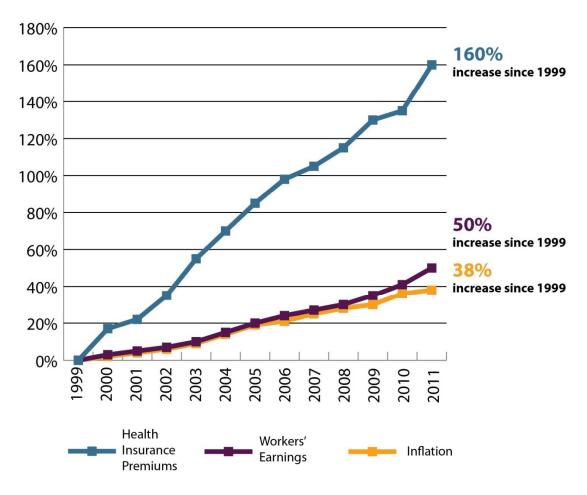
- Your leadership matters.
- Health policy decisions are increasingly data-informed and data-driven.
- The time to act is now because Colorado's "demographic clock" is ticking.





# Urgency of Health Policy

# Problem One: Escalating Costs

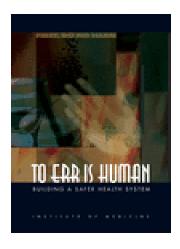


Sources: ftp://ftp.bls.gov/pub/suppl/empsit.ceseeb2.txt, ftp://ftp.bls.gov/pub/special.requests/cpi/cpiai.txt



# Problem Two: The Quality Chasm

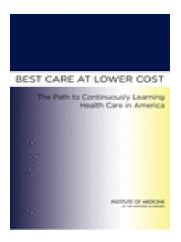
1999





- 44,000 to 98,000 die in hospitals each year from preventable errors
- Sixth leading cause of death in U.S.

2012



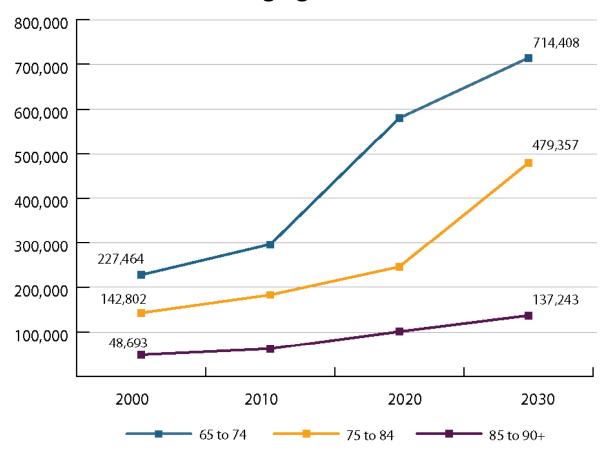
- 30 percent of health spending unnecessary
- •75,000 deaths a year could be averted with better quality care





# Problem Three: Colorado's Demographic Clock

### The Aging of Colorado



By the Numbers

2000: 418,959

Increase: 218

2030: 1,331,008

percent

SOURCE: Colorado State Demography Office, population estimates, 2000-2030





# Problem Three-A: From Acute to Chronic

## Leading Causes of Death in the United States, 1990 and 2010

Number of deaths per 100,000

1900	2010
1. Influenza and pneumonia 202.2	1. Heart disease 192.9
2. Tuberculosis 194.4	2. Cancer 185.9
3. Gastrointestinal infections 142.7	3. Chronic airways disease 44.6
4. Heart disease 137.4	4. Cerebrovascular disease 41.8
5. Cerebrovascular disease 106.9	5. All accidents 38.2

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention





Approaches and Solutions

# A Brief Civics Lesson





# A Primer: Federal and State Initiatives



# Federal Initiatives and Funding

Defining the "What"

# State Models of Innovation

Finding the "How"





# Federal-State Relationship: Big Ideas at Play

# The Triple Aim

- CoordinatedCare
- Payment Reform

# Integrated Approaches

- Crossdisciplinary teams
- Multi-payer initiatives
- Public-private partnerships

# **Community Emphasis**

- Local control
- Local solutions



# Feds and States: The What and the How

# Innovation Challenge

- Denver Health
- Upper San Juan Health Service District

# Partnership for Patients

More than 175
 Colorado hospitals,
 clinicians, patient
 advocates

# **Colorado Health Benefit Exchange**

 One of 16 states, plus DC, that have started



# Feds and States: The What and the How (Part 2)

# Accountable Care Organization (ACO) Shared Savings

 27 selected, reviewing 150 more applications

### **Pioneer ACO**

Physician Health
 Partners in Colorado,
 31 others

# Dual Eligible State Demonstrations

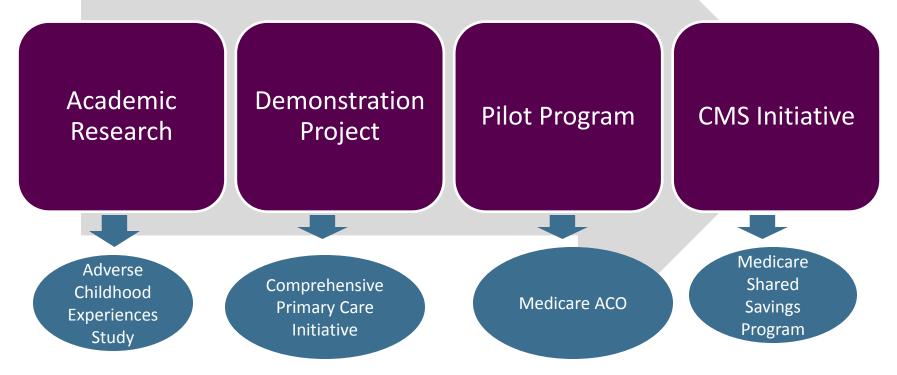
 Colorado one of 15 states selected to submit proposals

# State Innovation Models (SIM) Grant

 Colorado application pending



# Innovation Leads to Scale







# A New Era in Health Policy

# Affordable Care Act: As Social Policy

- Medicaid will insure the poorest among us
- Most Americans must have health insurance
- Experiment to control costs at best quality
  - Accountability at level of provider
  - Payment reform
  - Keeping us well

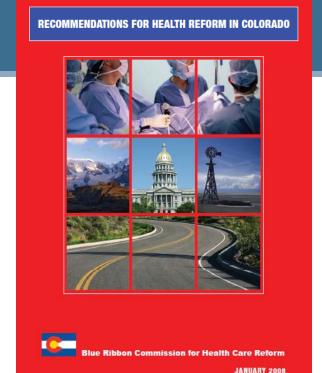


# Colorado: Ahead of the Game

## 208 Blue Ribbon Commission:

- Every legal resident to have
   Minimum Benefit Package
- Cover uninsured to reduce overall premiums
- Increase use of prevention and chronic care management
- Provide medical home for all Coloradans
- Consumer choice through a "connector"







# Colorado – A Decade of Major Investment

IT and infrastructure





Data and analytics





Collaboration





Bottom Line: Millions of Dollars



# The Past Decade of Big Investments

2012: **Statewide** Data **Analytics** 2004: 2010: All Contractor Quality 2009: **Payer** (SDAC) Health **ARRA** Claims Network **HITECH Act Database** 2008: 2009: 2010: Colorado Meaningful **COHRIO Telehealth** Use Network





Today's Hot Issues

# Today, Tomorrow and Friday

# **Today:** Health Policy "Boot Camp"

- Structures of health policy
- "Need to know" information about how Colorado health care works

### **Tomorrow:** Hot Issues in Health Care

- Anticipated 2013 topics
- Decisions in mind

# **Friday: Conversational Capacity**

Getting to agreement



# What's In Store

- What's the issue?
- Where's the debate?
- What **policy levers** are available?
- Where is there agreement?

### Insurance markets

- Public
- Private
- Exchanges

### Colorado's Role

- Departmental
- Safety net providers

### **Populations**

- Seniors
- Medicaid **Expansions**

### **Reform Efforts**

- Payment
- Block Grants and Waiver



# Legislative/Policy Levers

- Services provided
- Populations served
- Location of service
- Reimbursement levels
- Providers allowed



# What This Conference is NOT!

Market Changes

Regulation/Legislation

**Personal Responsibility** 

**Individual Mandates** 

**Federal Decisions** 

**State Decisions** 

**Local Decisions** 



# Key Questions in Evaluating Policies

- What's the "Big Problem" being addressed?
- Who is being served?
- What's the (relative) need?
- What **options** are available?
- Where's the "locus" of decision making?
- What are the **federal considerations**?
- What's the cost of **doing**? The cost of **not doing**?



# Three Takeaways

- Leadership matters.
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- The time to act is now because Colorado's "demographic clock" is ticking.







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